

*SpaceWire EGSE: Real-time instrument  
simulation in a day*

Stephen Mudie, Steve Parkes, Martin  
Dunstan



- What is the SpaceWire EGSE?
- How does it work?
  - Hardware
  - Software
- Scripting Language
  - Example scripts
- Capabilities/Benefits
- Demo



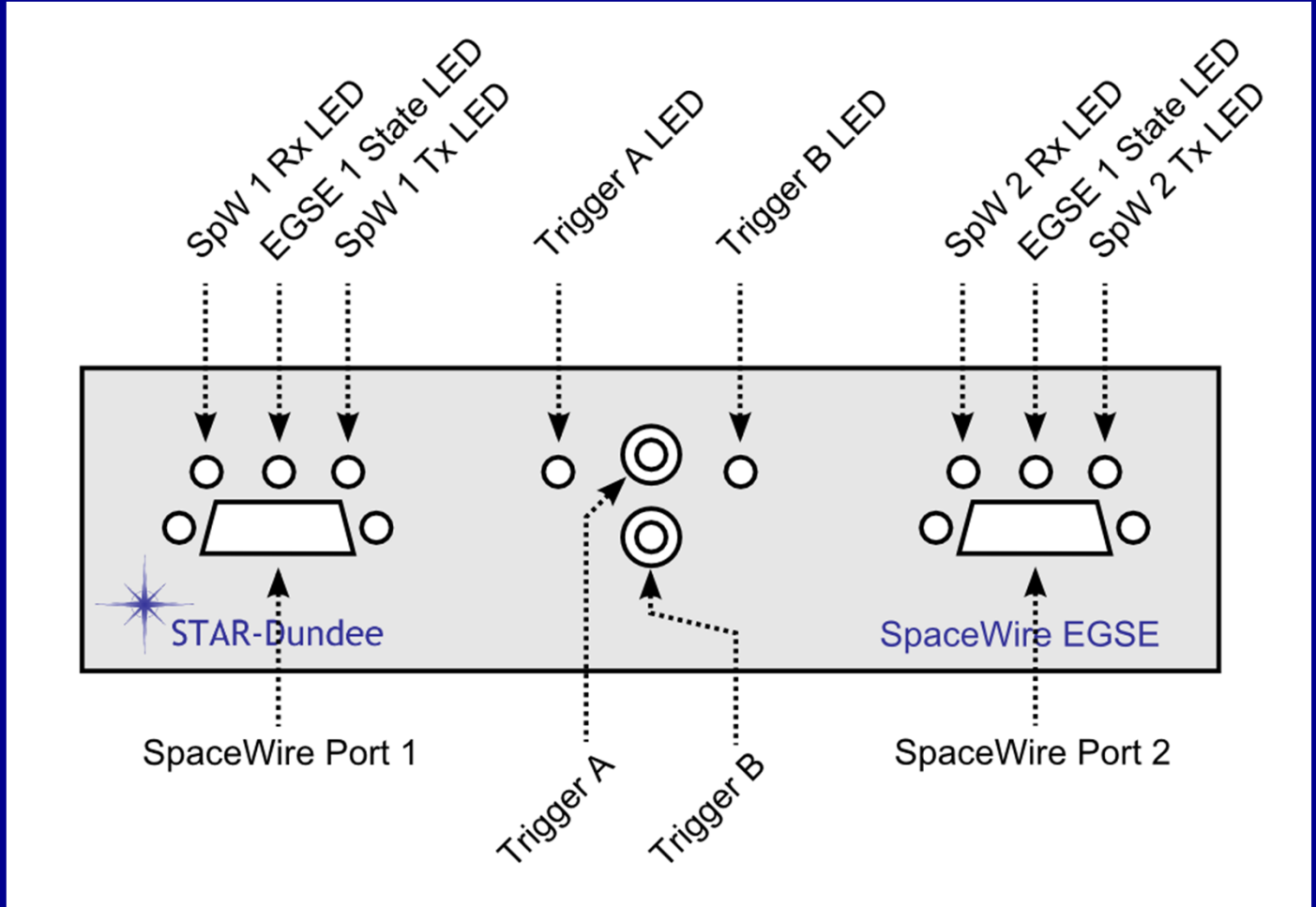
- What it is: SpaceWire test and development unit developed by STAR-Dundee
- Purpose: Simulate instruments or other SpaceWire equipment in real-time during testing and integration
- Generates user defined packets in pre-defined sequences at specific times and data rates
  - i.e. packet 1 followed by packet 2 10ms later at 100Mbps

# STAR-Dundee SpaceWire EGSE Hardware

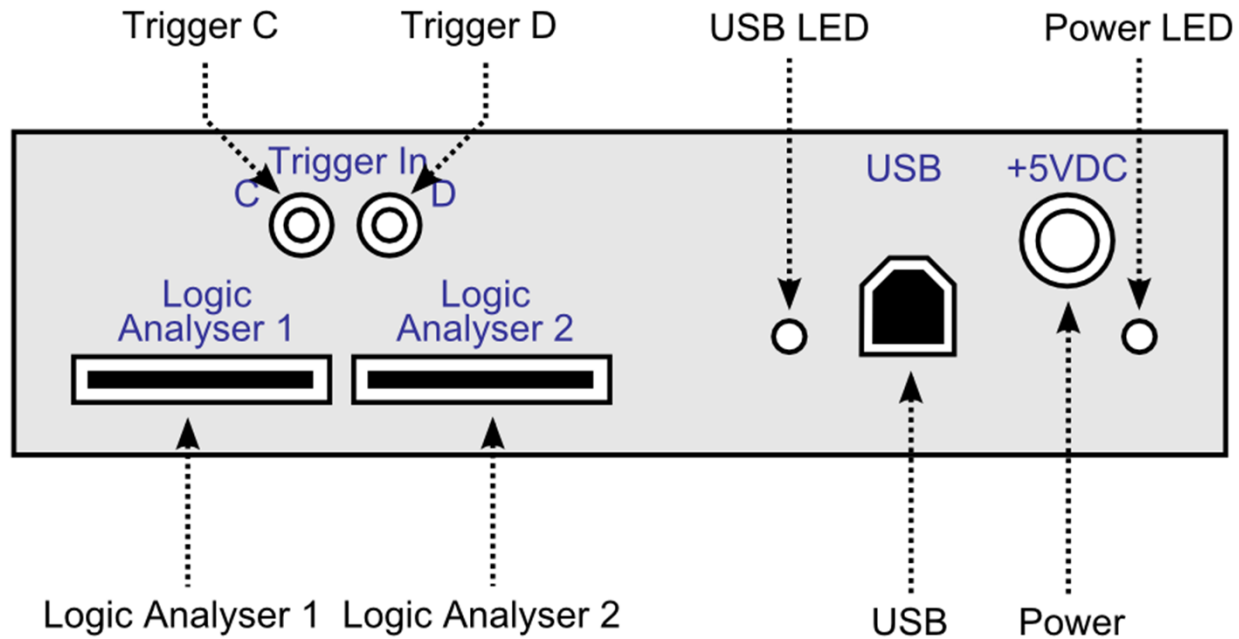


- 2 SpaceWire interfaces
- 4 External Triggers (3 IN, 1 OUT)
- Indicator LEDs
- 128MB Memory
- USB connection to host PC

# SpaceWire EGSE Front Panel



# SpaceWire EGSE Rear Panel





- **Compiler**
  - Compiles scripts into EGSE configuration files
- **Loader**
  - Loads EGSE configuration files onto hardware
- **Software API**
  - Create custom applications to control and interact with the EGSE
  - Can provide notifications of state changes and events



## SpaceWire EGSE Demo Setup

- SpW cable connects links 1 and 2 of the EGSE
- SpW Link Analyser Mk2 displays traffic



```
config
    spw_tx_rate(1, 200Mbps)
    spw_tx_rate(2, 200Mbps)
end config

packet pkt1
    dec(1 2 3 4)
    eop
end packet

schedule schedule1 @ 100Mbps
    500ms send pkt1
end schedule

statemachine 1
    initial state statel
        do schedule1 repeatedly
    end state
end statemachine
```

Set line rates to  
200Mbit/s



# STAR-Dundee SpaceWire EGSE – Simple Script

```
config
    spw_tx_rate(1, 200Mbps)
    spw_tx_rate(2, 200Mbps)
end config

packet pkt1
    dec(1 2 3 4)
    eop
end packet

schedule schedule1 @ 100Mbps
    500ms send pkt1
end schedule

statemachine 1
    initial state statel1
        do schedule1 repeatedly
    end state
end statemachine
```

Define packet  
named “pkt1” with  
4 decimal bytes  
followed by EOP



```
config
    spw_tx_rate(1, 200Mbps)
    spw_tx_rate(2, 200Mbps)
end config

packet pkt1
    dec(1 2 3 4)
    eop
end packet

schedule schedule1 @ 100Mbps
    500ms send pkt1
end schedule

statemachine 1
    initial state state1
        do schedule1 repeatedly
    end state
end statemachine
```

Define schedule named “schedule1” that sends “pkt1” after 500ms at 100Mbit/s



```
config
    spw_tx_rate(1, 200Mbps)
    spw_tx_rate(2, 200Mbps)
end config

packet pkt1
    dec(1 2 3 4)
    eop
end packet

schedule schedule1 @ 100Mbps
    500ms send pkt1
end schedule

statemachine 1
    initial state state1
        do schedule1 repeatedly
    end state
end statemachine
```



SpW link 1 state machine has a single state that executes "schedule1" repeatedly

- Compile and run 001\_simple.egse

```
variables
    random = rnd08()
    header = int08(2)
    id = inc08(0)
    crc = crc08()
end variables
packet pkt1
    hex(0A 0B 0C 0D)
    eop
end packet
packet pkt2
    random * 32
    eop
end packet
packet pkt3
    start(crc)
        header
        id
        random * 8
    stop(crc)
    crc
    eop
end packet
```



Declare random variable

```
variables
    random = rnd08()
    header = int08(2)
    id = inc08(0)
    crc = crc08()
end variables
packet pkt1
    hex(0A 0B 0C 0D)
    eop
end packet
packet pkt2
    random * 32
    eop
end packet
packet pkt3
    start(crc)
        header
        id
        random * 8
    stop(crc)
    crc
    eop
end packet
```



Declare constant variable value 2

```
variables
    random = rnd08()
    header = int08(2)
    id = inc08(0)
    crc = crc08()
end variables
packet pkt1
    hex(0A 0B 0C 0D)
    eop
end packet
packet pkt2
    random * 32
    eop
end packet
packet pkt3
    start(crc)
        header
        id
        random * 8
    stop(crc)
    crc
    eop
end packet
```



Declare incrementing variable value 0



```
variables
    random = rnd08()
    header = int08(2)
    id = inc08(0)
    crc = crc08()
end variables
packet pkt1
    hex(0A 0B 0C 0D)
    eop
end packet
packet pkt2
    random * 32
    eop
end packet
packet pkt3
    start(crc)
        header
        id
        random * 8
    stop(crc)
    crc
    eop
end packet
```



Declare CRC variable

```
variables
    random = rnd08()
    header = int08(2)
    id = inc08(0)
    crc = crc08()
end variables
packet pkt1
    hex(0A 0B 0C 0D)
    eop
end packet
packet pkt2
    random * 32
    eop
end packet
packet pkt3
    start(crc)
        header
        id
        random * 8
    stop(crc)
    crc
    eop
end packet
```



Define packet named “pkt1” with 4 hexadecimal bytes followed by EOP

```
variables
    random = rnd08()
    header = int08(2)
    id = inc08(0)
    crc = crc08()
end variables
packet pkt1
    hex(0A 0B 0C 0D)
    eop
end packet
packet pkt2
    random * 32
    eop
end packet
packet pkt3
    start(crc)
        header
        id
        random * 8
    stop(crc)
    crc
    eop
end packet
```



Define packet named “pkt2” that references random variable 32 times

```
variables
    random = rnd08()
    header = int08(2)
    id = inc08(0)
    crc = crc08()
end variables
packet pkt1
    hex(0A 0B 0C 0D)
    eop
end packet
packet pkt2
    random * 32
    eop
end packet
packet pkt3
    start(crc)
        header
        id
        random * 8
    stop(crc)
    crc
    eop
end packet
```



Define packet named “pkt3”:

- Constant header
- Incrementing ID
- 8 random bytes
- CRC calculation

```
schedule schedule1  
    1s send pkt1 * 5  
end schedule
```

```
schedule schedule2  
    500ms send pkt1  
    1000ms send pkt2  
    1500ms send pkt3  
end schedule
```

```
schedule schedule3  
    0ms send pkt3  
    +1s send pkt2  
    +1s send pkt1  
end schedule
```



“schedule1” sends  
“pkt1” 5 times, 1s  
after schedule starts

```
schedule schedule1
    1s send pkt1 * 5
end schedule

schedule schedule2
    500ms send pkt1
    1000ms send pkt2
    1500ms send pkt3
end schedule

schedule schedule3
    0ms send pkt3
    +1s send pkt2
    +1s send pkt1
end schedule
```



“schedule2” sends  
“pkt1” 500ms, “pkt2”  
1000ms and “pkt3”  
1500ms after  
schedule starts

```
schedule schedule1
    1s send pkt1 * 5
end schedule

schedule schedule2
    500ms send pkt1
    1000ms send pkt2
    1500ms send pkt3
end schedule

schedule schedule3
    0ms send pkt3
    +1s send pkt2
    +1s send pkt1
end schedule
```



“schedule3” sends  
“pkt3” immediately,  
“pkt2” 1s after “pkt3”  
tx begins and “pkt1”  
1s after “pkt2” tx  
begins

```
statemachine 1
  initial state state1
    LED colour is blue
    do schedule1
    goto state2
  end state

  state state2
    LED colour is green
    do schedule2
    goto state3
  end state

  state state3
    LED colour is red
    do schedule3
    goto state1
  end state
end statemachine
```



“state1” executes “schedule1” once then transitions to “state2”



“state2” executes “schedule2” once then transitions to “state3”



“state3” executes “schedule3” once then transitions to “state1”



```
statemachine 1
  initial state state1
    LED colour is blue ← blue state
    do schedule1
    goto state2
  end state

  state state2
    LED colour is green ← green state
    do schedule2
    goto state3
  end state

  state state3
    LED colour is red ← red state
    do schedule3
    goto state1
  end state
end statemachine
```

- Compile and run 002\_schedules.egse


```
events
    swEvent0 = software_in(0)
end events

statemachine 1
    initial state state1
        LED colour is blue
        do schedule1
        on swEvent0 goto state2
    end state

    state state2
        LED colour is green
        do schedule2
        on swEvent0 goto state3
    end state

    state state3
        LED colour is red
        do schedule3
        on swEvent0 goto state1
    end state
end statemachine
```

Declare software event named "swEvent0"





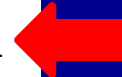
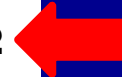
```
events
    swEvent0 = software_in(0)
end events

statemachine 1
    initial state state1
        LED colour is blue
        do schedule1
        on swEvent0 goto state2
    end state

    state state2
        LED colour is green
        do schedule2
        on swEvent0 goto state3
    end state

    state state3
        LED colour is red
        do schedule3
        on swEvent0 goto state1
    end state
end statemachine
```

Change state  
when “swEvent0”  
is detected.





- Compile and load 003\_events\_sw.egse

- Requirements:
  - Simulate a camera that sends 8 images with a 100ms gap between each.

```
packet image_001
    file("image_001.ppm")
    eop
end packet
...
packet image_008
    file("image_008.ppm")
    eop
end packet

schedule sendImages
    100ms send image_001
    200ms send image_002
    300ms send image_003
    400ms send image_004
    500ms send image_005
    600ms send image_006
    700ms send image_007
    800ms send image_008
end schedule
```



**Declare 8 packets  
that import data from  
image files**

```
packet image_001
    file("image_001.ppm")
    eop
end packet
...
packet image_008
    file("image_008.ppm")
    eop
end packet

schedule sendImages
    100ms send image_001
    200ms send image_002
    300ms send image_003
    400ms send image_004
    500ms send image_005
    600ms send image_006
    700ms send image_007
    800ms send image_008
end schedule
```



**Schedule to send 8 image packets with 100ms gaps.**



```
statemachine 1
  initial state sendImages
    do sendImages
    LED colour is green
    goto finished
  end state

  state finished
    do nothing
    LED colour is red
  end state
end statemachine
```



Send 8 images then  
move to a state  
where nothing is  
done

- Compile and load 004\_camera.egse



- Detailed packet definitions
  - Via raw data, variables, automatic CRC and checksum calculation
- Precise packet generation scheduling at specific data rates.
- Packet generation control
  - Via state machines and events



- Mimic real-time behaviour of SpaceWire units
- Integrate with equipment via external triggers
- Minimal development time



- Hardware
- Software
- Scripting Language
- Capabilities and Benefits
- Available now