



Network Discovery Protocols Status

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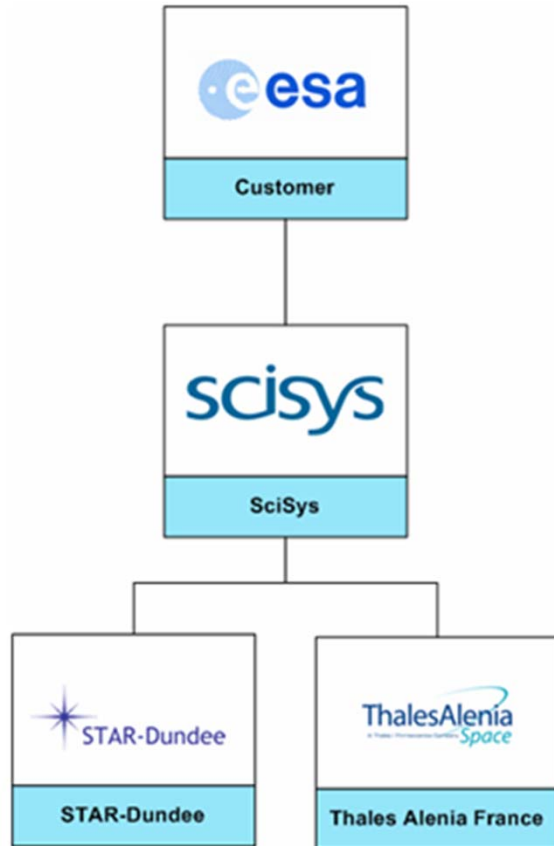
Agenda

- › Activity overview
- › Requirements approach
- › Requirements overview
- › Protocol approach
- › Protocol status

Activity Scope

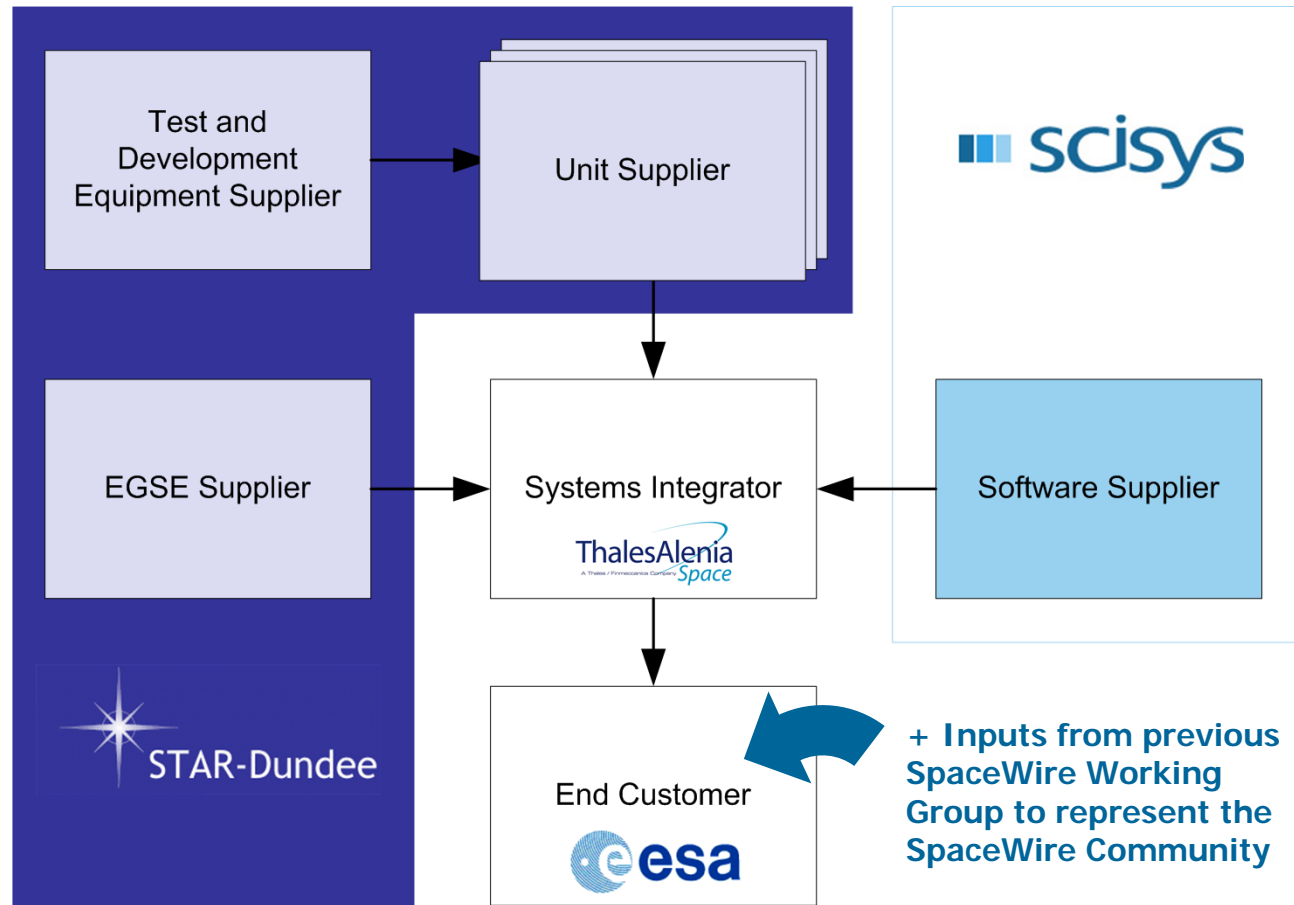
- › There is currently no standard SpaceWire protocol for
 - › The discovery or confirmation of presence of devices
 - › The management of standard aspects of a SpaceWire network
- › The ESA Network Discovery Protocols activity aims to develop, validate and demonstrate a suitable protocol
- › Promote interoperability and reuse
- › Project goals
 - › Gather requirements for a SpaceWire plug-and play protocol;
 - › Design and specify a SpaceWire plug-and play protocol;
 - › Develop an implementation of the protocol encompassing hardware and software;
 - › Provide a test bench, for validation of the protocol;
 - › Provide a demonstrator to permit demonstration of protocol features.

Consortium



- › SciSys prime
- › Partnered with
 - › Thales Alenia Space, France (Cannes)
 - › STAR-Dundee

Requirements Stakeholders



Requirements Gathering

- › Requirements gathered from each stakeholder representative
- › Requirements collated
 - › Expected this to be an additive process
- › Requirements categorised
 - › Mandatory and extended
- › Categories relate to the ability of this activity to
 - › Address the requirement fully in the protocol
 - › Validate the requirement

Requirements Documentation

- › Requirements gathered from consortium with limited interaction
- › Intended to elicit user requirements
- › Only information given to consortium was the “Terms of Reference”
- › Requirements from consortium have been documented “as-is” with no modification by SciSys

Requirements Collation

- › Collation intended to be a purely additive process
- › i.e. no loss of requirements
- › This was more difficult than expected
- › No contradictory requirements, however...
- › Requirements with significant overlap had to be combined for consistency
- › The reasoning behind the requirement had to be understood to permit combination
- › Minor adjustments had to be made to requirements e.g.

Requirements: The Expected

- › Many of the requirements were exactly as expected
 - › Based on a long history of working with PnP/Network Management
- › Unique identification of devices
- › Configuration of SpaceWire-related features
- › Support for the features of nodes and routers

Plug-and-Play Standardisation

- > Spectrum of possible approaches to devices:



No standardisation

Complete standardisation

- > **Complete device standardisation**
 - > **Requires support to existing device interface**
 - > **Device describes by system all possible device features**
 - > **Standardised driver form**
 - > **Can only be qualified device drivers**
 - > **Assumes all device accessers come from software**
 - > **Permits use of devices by standard hardware**
 - > **Software must be re-qualified every time**
 - > **Hardware must be rewritten each time**

Approaches to Plug-and-Play

- > Spectrum of possible approaches to devices:



- > Identification of devices based on vendor/product IDs only
- > Device driver needed for all devices
 - > Even simple routers...
 - > Or simple nodes

- > Identification of devices
- > Plus support for standard SpaceWire features
- > Defined mechanisms for vendor-specific additions

Requirements: The Unexpected

- › TAS-F took an interesting position on the spectrum of approaches to PnP
 - › Expect the protocol to provide only network discovery
 - › No network or device management
 - › All interaction with devices beyond identification requires a driver
- › All other consortium members (+ESA) did not take this position
 - › Other positions much more similar

› STAR-Dundee required support for many features only present in the CoM 10V or STAR

Requirements: The Unusual...

- › Most requirements have some coverage from three or four (all) stakeholders
- › Some requirements have coverage only from SciSys and ESA
- › Specifically:
 - › Ownership and proxies
 - › Data sources and data sinks

Approach to Protocol

- › RMAP-based
 - › Get/set or read/write operations
 - › RMW based on compare and exchange
- › Support for a spectrum of implementations
- › The entire PnP target address space must be implemented
 - › Does not imply that the corresponding function must be implemented
 - › Fields corresponding to an unimplemented feature should read as zero
- › Reserved fields should read as zero

Spectrum Position

- › Should the protocol
 - › Attempt to cover the most useful features in a generic way which will cover most implementations?
- › Or
 - › Steer clear of any features that have many possible implementations and leave these vendor specific?
- › Examples:
 - › Router watchdog time out
 - › Router arbitration

What about Partial Implementations?

- › Do not want to impose the inclusion of SpaceWire features on implementers of targets
 - › e.g. do not want the inclusion of PnP support to force the implementation of SpaceWire functions
- › However, do not want there to be a large number of implementation options
 - › Makes compatibility difficult
- › Suggest the use of a small number of **profiles**
 - › Target profile support can be easily determined by an initiator

Continuous vs. Discrete Functions

- › Where feature implementation options are discrete this is easy
 - › Either the feature is implemented or it is not
- › Harder when there is a wide range of options
 - › e.g. possible link speeds
- › The target can respond by choosing the nearest valid option to the requested selection
 - › Difficult to determine what is actually valid without trial-and-error
- › How important is this?

Protocol Documentation Approach

- › Interfaces
 - › Service interface to user ("top")
 - › Protocol interface ("bottom")
- › Actions
 - › Event driven
 - › May include protocol state machine
- › Must be defined for
 - › Initiators/targets
 - › Active/passive nodes
 - › Control/peripheral nodes

Conclusions

- › Requirements gathered according to stakeholder-based strategy
 - › Good coverage of problem
 - › Interestingly divergent requirements
 - › Now into protocol detail
 - › Many decisions to be taken on a “micro” level
 - › Useful to have opinions from the wider community
 - › Expect draft protocol to be completed by end of May
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