

A man and a young boy are standing on a sandy beach, both with their arms outstretched horizontally. They are wearing white long-sleeved shirts and blue jeans. The background shows the ocean with white waves and a clear blue sky with some light clouds. The scene is captured from a low angle, making the subjects appear to be reaching towards the sky.

Alcatel Alenia Space - SpaceWire Overview

SpW Working Group meeting #6 – 18/05/2006

□ Objective : AAS overview vs SpaceWire

- **Heritage in equipment, instrument & satellite**
- **Next Missions & Data-Rate trends**
- **System view of SpW usage for space architecture**
- **R&T study vs SpaceWire area**

❑ Alcatel Alenia Space background in space projects

- in equipment devoted to **Processing** and **Storage**
- between **instrument** and **equipment**
- into **Solid State Mass Memory** (SSM) for SAR or optical payload data
- in Data **Compression**, Data **Encryption**, High Rate **Telemetry Formatting**.

❑ High Speed links were first used for equipment connection

- data from a SAR/optical payload to the SSMM and from SSMM to Modulator
- transfer internal to equipments when SpaceWire has reached the maturity.

❑ High speed links in telecom satellites

- for telecom on-board processors

□ The following standards have already been used

- HOTLink
 - 160-330Mb/s in RadarSat, Cosmo/Skymed...
- IEEE 1355, LVDS
 - 105-155Mb/s in RadarSat, Siral, Argos/Sarsat, Cosmo/Skymed...
- SpaceWire
 - 30-160Mb/s in HICDS, MIRANDOLA, GAIA PDHU demonstrator...
- HDMP GigaLink
 - 155-400Mb/s in Pléiades satellites

□ Specific developments

- LNR and LHD 160 Mb/s
 - both developed in the frame of SPOT 5 / HELIOS 2 French satellites

□ Envisat Encoding and Switching Unit (ESU)

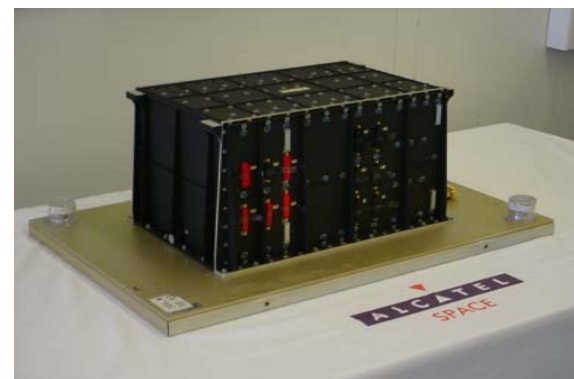
- 12x8 crossbar switch between instruments and X, L bands transmitters
 - 12x2 I/P @50Mb/s, 4x2 O/P @50Mb/s, 4x2 O/P @100Mb/s
 - ECL technology with high power consumption

□ Radarsat Advanced Ultra-fast Recording for On-board Radar Application (AURORA)

- 150Gbit SSMM & P/L controller
 - 4 I/P @ 216Mb/s HOTLink technology
 - 2 O/P @105Mb/s LVDS technology

□ Kompsat Digital Compression and Storage Unit (DCSU)

- 196Gbit SSMM, 20Mpixel/sec DCT compressor
 - 8 I/P @ 216Mb/s and 2 O/P @155Mb/s
 - HOTLink technology



❑ CryoSat SIRAL

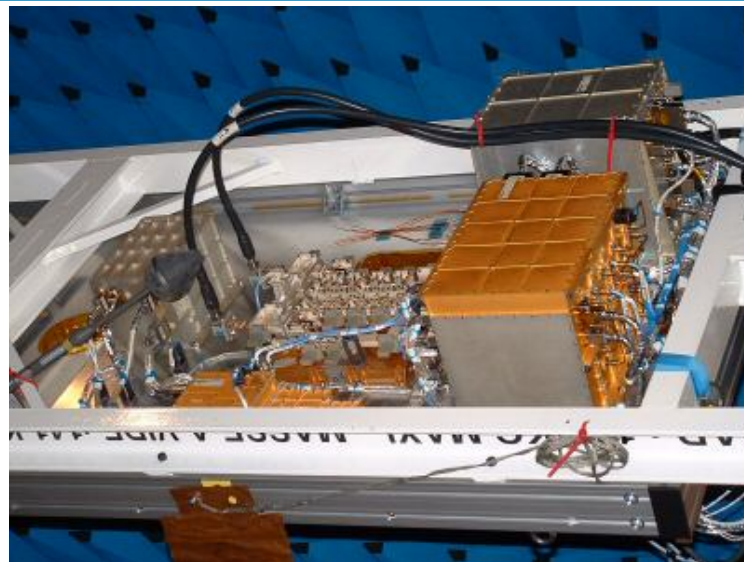
- Altimeter data O/P link toward SSMM
 - 2 O/P @25Mb/s IEEE-1355 links

❑ Argos/Sarsat 3 receiver

- Inter-processors IEEE-1355 links

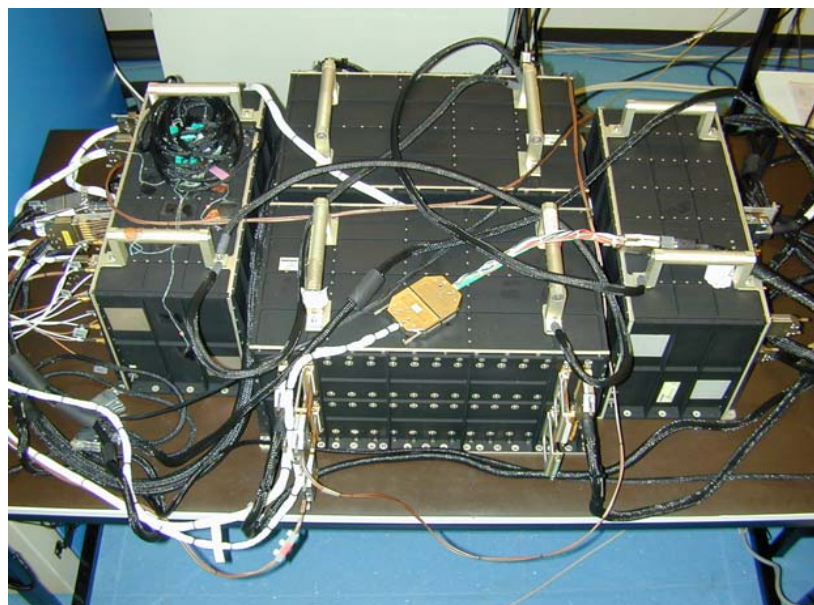
❑ COSMO Skymed Memory Unit for Space Application (MUSA)

- 600Gbit SSMM and P/L controller
 - 4 I/P @234Mb/s HOTLink technology
 - 2 O/P @155Mb/s LVDS technology



□ 2 specific links developed for Spot5 Payload TMI and SSMM

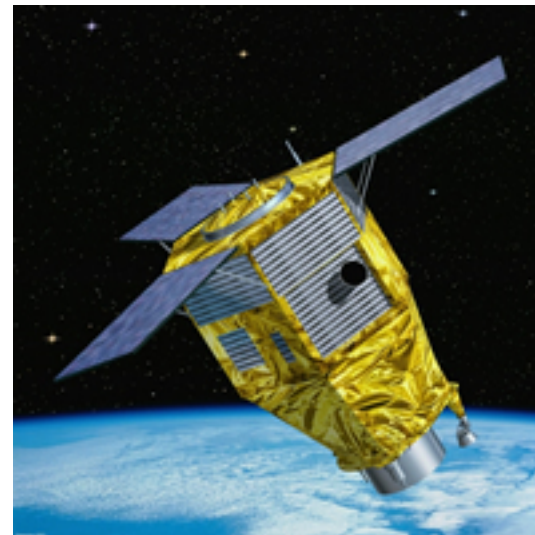
- LNR (Fast Digital Links)
 - Inter equipment link between Video electronic up to the FCR (incl. compressor and SSMM) for SPOT 5 and Helios 2 mission.
 - Data rate of 160 Mbits/sec
 - LNR reused on IASI instrument
- LHD which is a “clone” of the Cypress Hotlink developed in MHS old BiCmos technology
 - Intra equipment link between memory module and I/O section. The interconnection off all the item is performed through an AsGa switch matrix
 - Data rate of 160 Mbits/sec were supported for this application



Pléiades satellites - Agilent HDMP

- ❑ In the frame of PLEIADES program
 - instrument needs with more than **400 Mbps** per channel
 - selection and characterisation study of the High Speed link

- ❑ HDPM links now used for flight equipment
 - Video electronics equipment as output links
 - 15 links with more than 400 Mbps per link
 - Cyphering Unit as input link
 - 3 links 155 Mbps per link



□ HICDS (Highly Integrated Control & Data System)



- HICDS is a ground demonstrator of an on-board computer including hardware and software
- HICDS is a ESA predevelopment for Bepi Colombo
- Industrial consortium: Saab / Alcatel Alenia Space

□ Implementation of SpW links in HICDS

- 2 sets of SpW links are internally implemented to connect:
 - Processor modules and TM/TC modules
 - Processor modules and Reconfiguration modules
- Point to point bidirectional links providing cross-strap between modules

□ External SpW link capability

- I/O board in HICDS has the capability to manage an external SpW link (hardware is implemented)
- Effort to connect this I/O to an external connector is limited

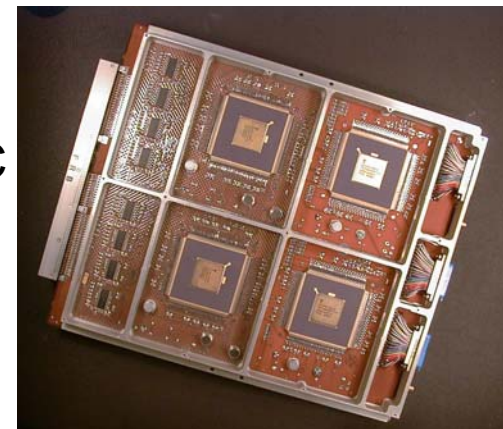
On-Board Processor for telecom satellites

□ Main constraints

- Parallel interfaces for communication with digital ASIC
- High speed serial links between boards
- Capability to operate at physical level, without complex configuration needs
- Very low tuning

□ Main features

- COTS qualification
- LVDS links at 360 Mbits/s
- Global data rate over 10 Gbits/s



Processing board



SYR3 DTP

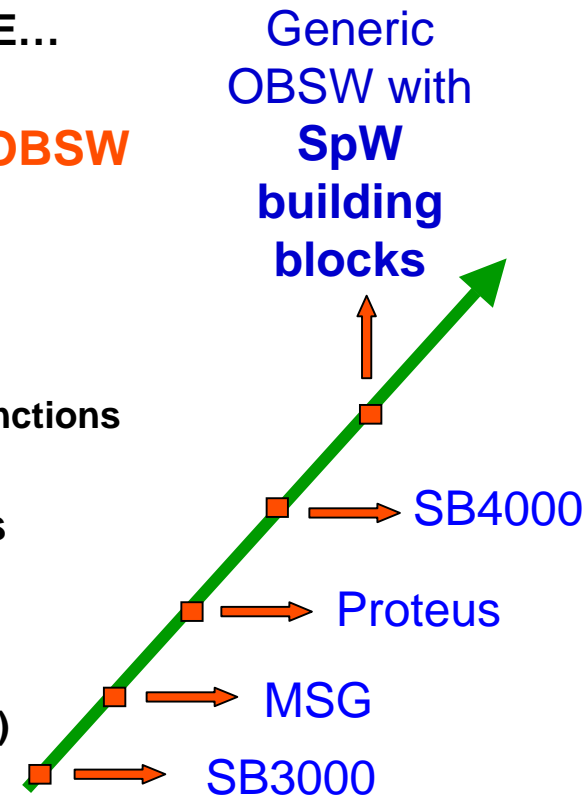
SpW use in future programs

□ SpW studied and proposed by AAS

- In most future ESA projects
- As GAIA, MTG, GMES, BEPI/COLOMBO, EARTH-CARE...

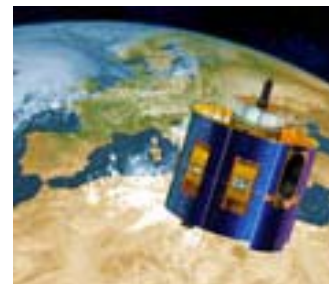
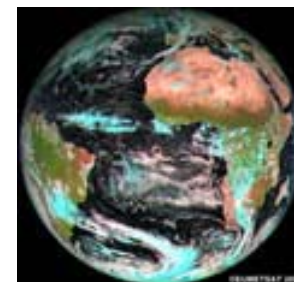
□ SpW library will be implemented in AAS generic OBSW

- Core on-board generic software
 - running on ERC32 or LEON2
 - Real time kernel OSTRALES
 - Standard library for DHSS, AOCS, thermal, power... functions
- Generic OBSW Flight qualified on most AAS satellites
 - Spacebus 3000 GEO telecom satellites family
 - Spacebus 4000 GEO telecom satellites family
 - MSG-1 to MSG-4 GEO meteorological satellites
 - Proteus LEO satellites family (Jason, Calipso, Corot ...)



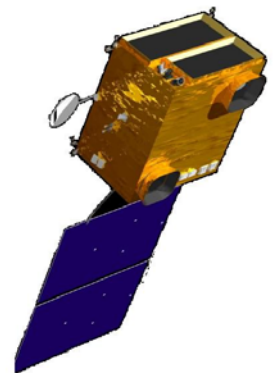
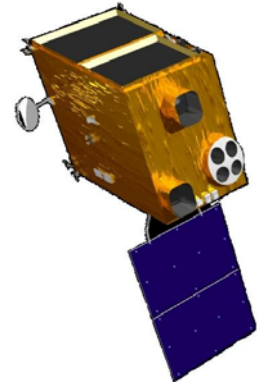
□ MTG Program

- **ESA development on behalf of Eumetsat**
- **Geostationary meteorological program**
- **Meteosat MSG follow-on**
- **2015 to 2030 Operational period**
- **Imager, lightning and sounder type instruments**



□ MTG specificities

- **Meteorological geostationary satellites**
 - High resolution instruments
 - Low RF downlink bandwidth
 - Continuous earth imaging
 - No mission outage
 - European approach
 - high data-rates
 - on-board reduction
 - real-time processing
 - robust design
 - lossless compression
- **Accommodation of several instruments**
 - European industrial organization
 - Parallel real time processing
 - Over one to several satellites
 - modular and standard
 - distributed resources
 - on-board network
- **1Mb/s, 100Mb/s, 200Mb/s and 500Mb/s class Instruments**
 - Challenge for bandwidth allocation with redundancies
 - Complex network with balance of static and dynamic switching



□ SpaceWire is promising for MTG architecture :

- **Efficient industrial organization and Reduce integration and validation effort**
 - standard interfaces ➤ easy interface & validation between S/Co
 - Modular design ➤ design & validation breakdown vs IOS
 - Routing capability ➤ parallel real-time processing
 - “All in one” instrument interface ➤ reduced physical interface with RTC
 - For data distribution
 - TM/TC command/control
 - Synchro, datation, interrupt
- **But, system evaluation required to ensure**
 - TM/TC command/control over SpW ➤ reliability, CCSDS packet standard...
 - Efficient redundancy ➤ network topology, network validation
 - Accommodation of stream >120Mb/s ➤ network complexity vs serial links
- **But, shifts design complexity to system level**
 - Exchange specification between equipment and S/Co, mainly for command/control



MTG Payload over SpW network

❑ Complete instrument handling through SpaceWire

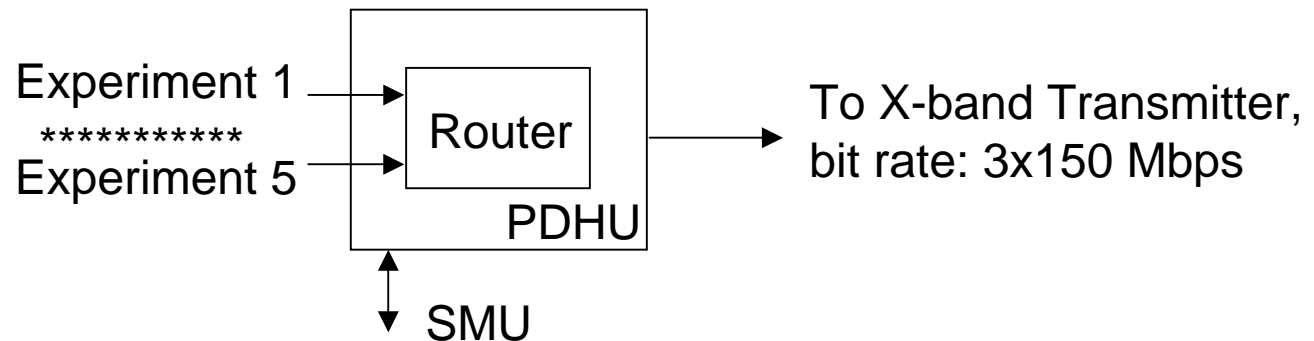
- For all management communications
 - Data distribution, command/control and synchronization
- Optimized Payload vs traditional architecture
 - One SpW link against one high speed serial link plus one 1553/OBDH bus

❑ Intensive RTC use at instrument level

- Allows to implement all above management functions
- But requires to duplicate OBSW Telemetry Telecommand Function
 - To acquire and format telemetry packets at each instrument level
 - To interpret and execute command packet at each instrument level
 - With same performance and capability than central data-handling system
 - ✓ Reliability, CCSDS packet format, diagnostic, time-tag command...
 - Develop and implement S/W within RTC LEON2 for TM, TC Functions (TTF)

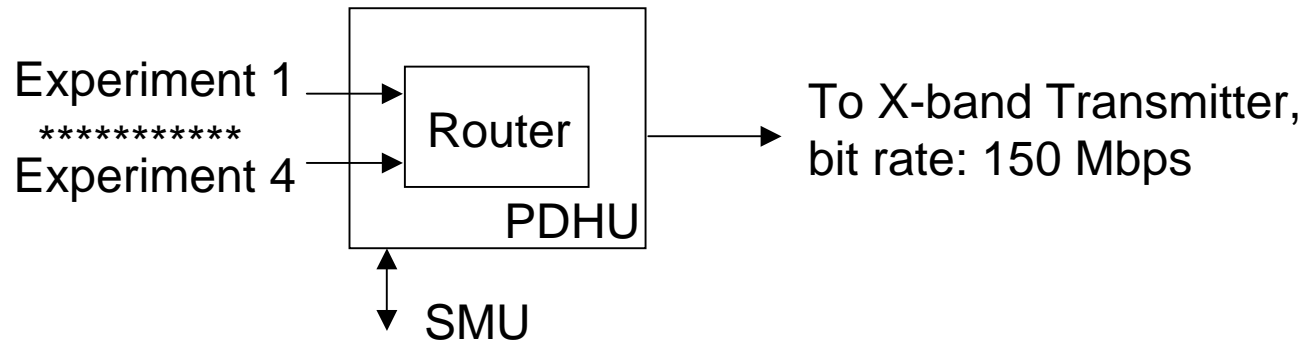
GMES S3 sentinel satellite - Spacewire (SpW) network

- ❑ SpW network on board the S3 satellite for SSMM data exchange
- ❑ Network built around a router in the Payload Data Handling Unit (PDHU)
- ❑ Router with 8 ports
 - 7 for the 5 experiments, 1 for the Satellite Management Unit (SMU), 1 for SSMM
- ❑ 110.1 Mbps total data rate for experiments with 55 Mbps, 6 Mbps, 36 Mbps, 13 Mbps, 0.1 Mbps
- ❑ The SpW network bitrate will be set to 200 Mb/s allowing 45% margin



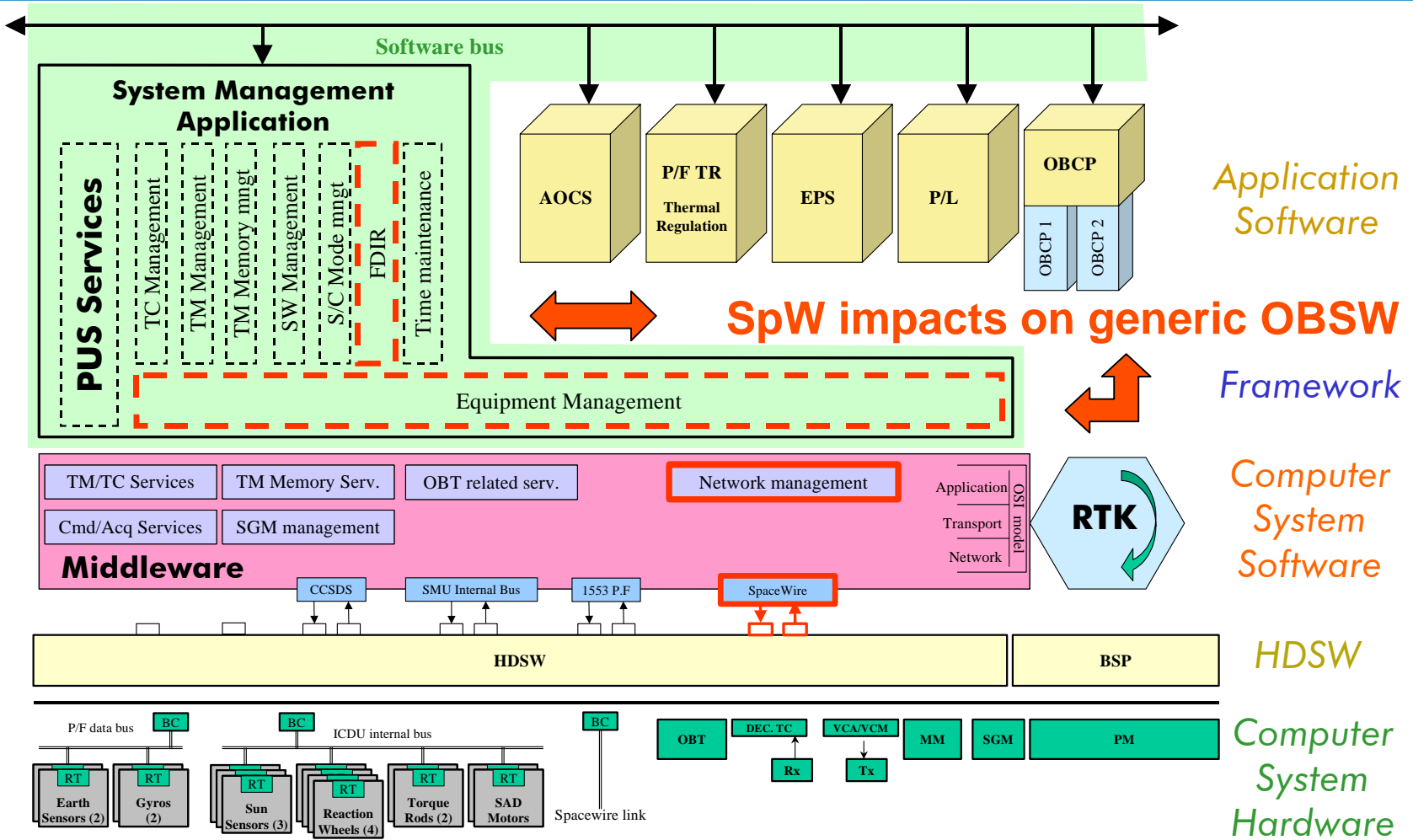
EarthCare Spacewire (SpW) network

- ❑ SpW network on board the EarthCare satellite for SSMM data exchange
- ❑ Network built around a router located in the PDHU, as for the S3 satellite
- ❑ Router with 6 ports (4 for the experiments, 1 for the SMU, 1 SSMM)
- ❑ The Experiments Data Rates are 0.82 Mbps, 0.52 Mbps, 0.26 Mbps, 0.002 Mbps, thus giving a total of 1.62 Mbps
- ❑ The SpW network bitrate will be set to 10Mb/s



□ SpW use impacts on the generic software architecture is studied

- **Transition**
 - from a system where OBSW is master and all others RT are slave
 - to a peer-to-peer system where OBSW is able to receive data from RT asynchronously
- **Impacts on :**
 - **Hardware dependant software :**
 - which I/F shall be provided by the CDMU provider to access to the SpW hardware?
 - which requirements has to be implemented by this interface ?
 - **Middleware layer**
 - add a new bus on command/acquisition services
 - add a network management component in charge of providing network maintenance facilities
 - **Equipment management**
 - how to handle asynchronous events ?
 - Handling of routers/links states ?
 - **FDIR**
 - What kind of SpW network monitoring to perform ?
 - What are the possible recovery actions ?



Future equipment

- ❑ HOTLink devices are in obsolescence

- ❑ Replaced by SpaceWire in future equipment
 - SpaceWire up to 160 Mb/s useful data rates
 - SpaceFiber when available for higher data rates

- ❑ In addition to SpW, a possible candidate is HDMP GigaLink
 - Tx and Rx with parallel to serial transform for point to point transfer
 - Very high data-rate from 120Mb/s up to 1.25Gb/s
 - hides from the user all the complexity
 - of encoding, multiplexing, clock extraction, demultiplexing and decoding
 - Qualified for space in Pléiades program at more than 400 Mb/s

- ❑ HDMP considered as baseline for KOMPSAT-3 SSR proposal

Multi Input Recorder **AND** On-board Large Array [**MIRANDOLA**]

- ❑ Multi User High speed scalable 4x103Gb SSMM and P/L Controller
 - up to 16 users access at high data rates
 - 16 I/O channels with 16 SpaceWire links @200Mb/s (160 net)

- ❑ Breadboarding activity is running.

- ❑ Baseline for
 - GAIA PDHU
 - Bepi Colombo SSMM

MACH Multiple Access Communication Handler

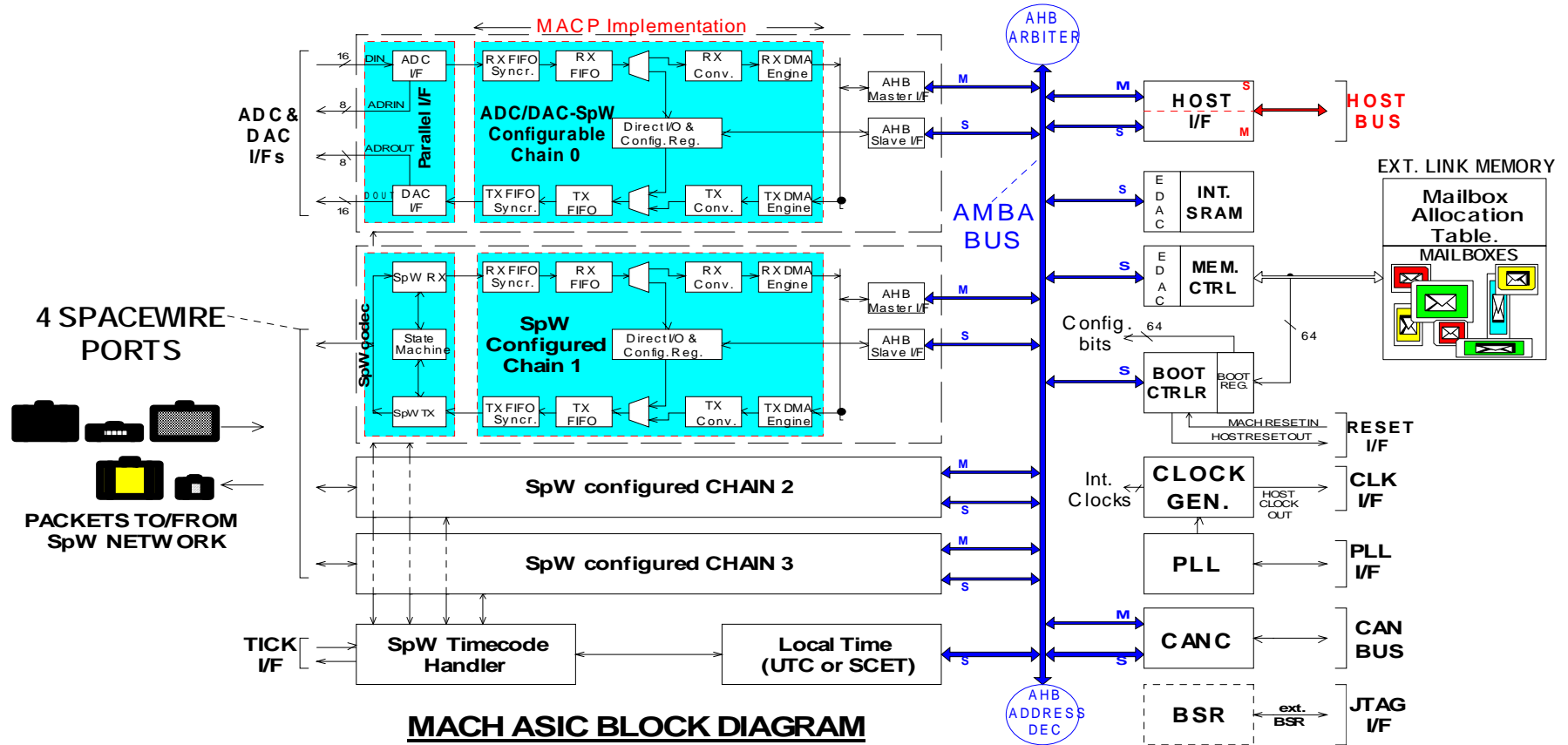
❑ Multiple Access Communication Handler

- Gathers SpaceWire interfaces and SDRAM controller
 - SpW interface controller from MARESS PMDC
 - SDRAM controller from RadarSat & Cosmo/Skymed programs
- Implements Multiple Access Communication Protocol (MACP)
 - Command, Reply, Data, Interrupt messages
- Can also exchange SpW packets with RMAP
- Versatile device for SpaceWire multi-purpose

❑ FPGA under final verification before ASIC foundry

❑ Demonstrator to be delivered for GAIA PDHU

❑ Proposed for Bepi-Colombo SSMM

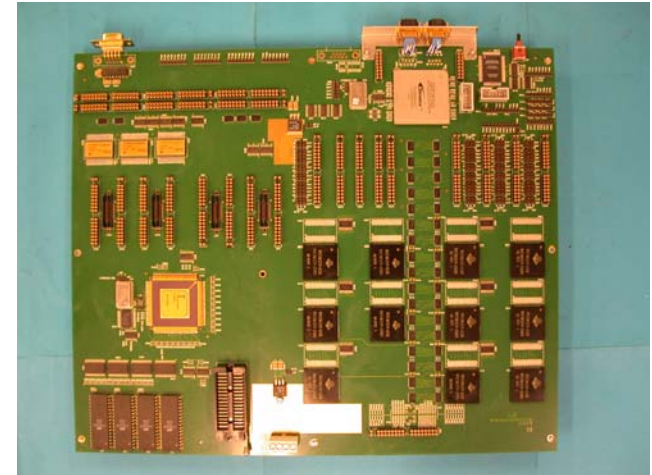


MACH ASIC BLOCK DIAGRAM

❑ Simplifies the I/O task of intelligent nodes minimising their S/W overhead while exchanging data with other nodes of the network

❑ MACH operations can be driven

- locally by a Host μ P through the Host I/F
- remotely by another SpW node
 - ✓ through the exchange of MACP Command/Reply
 - ✓ allows to build SpW dumb nodes (without a Host μ P)
 - ✓ highly autonomous in the exchange of I/O data



❑ 4 SpW DS Links (full duplex, 200 Mbit/s point to point link)

❑ useful 1280 (2x160x4) Mbps net data rate

❑ full compliance with SpW standard (Rec. ECSS-E50-12A – January 2003)

□ Gateway operating mode example

- SpW codec can be optionally removed from 1 of 4 SpW chains to allow parallel I/O access suitable to sensor data acquisition and control (e.g. ext. ADC&DAC)

□ SSMM operating mode example

- provides up to 65536 concurrent independent DMA channels to access the partitions of a memory array

□ DSP operating mode example

- support continuous scientific data acquisition (e.g. video image sequence from a Spectrometer or SAR) pipelined with DSP processing
- Sensor data are stored in fixed point format (as signed/unsigned, fractional/integer) or directly in floating point format

❑ Promising link for space architecture

- High data rates with low consumption
- Standardised and full duplex
- Multi-points connection using routers



Intensive use for data and all command/control exchange with harness reduction and redudned pathes

❑ To be studied

- Protection against failure propagation, nom/redundant pathes
- System evaluation incl. OBSW qualification vs SpW component behaviour
- System validation approach as H/W-S/W test, simulation tool
- Very high data rate need (1Gb/s range), need of SpaceFiber



high interest of design rules as part of a SpW user book